

Safety Data Sheet

Sodium Bicarbonate

February 1, 2018

Section 1: Chemical Product and Company Identification

Product name: Sodium Bicarbonate
Contact Info: Bramble Berry Inc.
2138 Humboldt Street

Bellingham, WA 98225 info@brambleberry.com www.brambleberry.com

1-877-627-7883

Emergency Phone Number:

Within USA & Canada: 1.800.424.9300 CCN693143

Outside USA & Canada: +1.703.527.3887 (collect calls accepted)

Section 2: Hazards Identification

Classification of the substance or mixture

Not classified

Label Elements GHS-US Labeling

Applicable labeling

Unknown Acute Toxicity

Not available

Typical Range

63-75lbs / ft3

Other Hazards

Inhalation: Breathing dusts may cause coughing or difficulty breathing **Eye Contact:** Direct eye contact may cause irritation, reddening or tearing

Skin Contact: Direct contact may cause irritation

Section 3: Composition/Information on Ingredients

Substance Common Name

Sodium Bicarbonate



Chemical Name

Sodium Bicarbonate, Bicarbonate of Soda, Sodium Hydrogen Carbonate

CAS#

144-55-8

Formula

NaHCO₃

Purity

99+ % (w/w)

Impurities

No impurities relevant for classification and labeling.

Section 4: First Aid Measures

Most Important Symptoms and Effects, Acute and Delayed	Description of First-Aid Measures
General: None expected under normal conditions of use.	General: No known delayed effects. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice.
Eye Contact: Contact may cause irritation due to mechanical abrasion.	Eye Contact: Immediately rinse eyes with water. Remove any contact lenses and continue "ushing eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes. Get immediate medical attention.
Skin: Contact with large amounts of dust may cause mechanical irritation.	Skin: Wash affected areas with plenty of water, and soap if available, for several minutes. Seek medical attention if irritation develops or persists
Inhalation: Prolonged inhalation of dust may cause respiratory irritation.	Inhalation: Remove from area to fresh air. Seek medical attention if respiratory irritation develops or if breathing becomes difficult.
Ingestion: Large doses may produce systemic alkalosis and expansion in extracellular fluid volume with edema	Ingestion: May cause nausea, vomiting and abdominal pain. Large doses can cause alkalosis.

Indication of Any Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed. If exposed or concerned, get medical advice and attention.



Section 5: Fire-Fighting Measures

General: This product will not burn and can be used as a dry powder extinguishing medium.

Extinguishing Media

Suitable Extinguishing Media: Use material suitable for surrounding fire conditions.

Advice for Firefighters: No special precautions required.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media: None

General Measures: Wear self-contained breathing apparatus when entering area unless atmosphere is proved to be safe.

Special Hazards Arising from the Substance

Fire Hazard: Not Flammable

Protection During Firefighting: Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection.

Explosion Hazards: Not Explosive Hazardous Combustion Products: CO2 (displacement of breathable atmosphere).

Reactivity: Hazardous reactions will not occur under normal conditions.

Section 6: Accidental Release Measures

General Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures: For dry spills, sweep or shovel and place in containers for disposal in accordance with applicable regulations (see Disposal Considerations section). Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practices. Avoid formation of dust. Avoid excess skin and eye contact. Avoid contamination of bodies of water during cleanup.

For Non-Emergency Personnel

Keep dust levels to a minimum
Wear suitable personal protective equipment

Environmental Precautions

Avoid any mixture with an acid into sewer or drain (CO2 gas formation).

For Emergency Personnel

Equip cleanup crew with proper protection. Ventilate area.

Methods for Containment

Vacuum or shovel into bags.



Methods for Cleanup

Avoid generation of dust during cleanup of spills. Keep in suitable closed labeled container for disposal.

Section 7: Handling and Storage

Precautions for Safe Handling: Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Wash hands thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking or smoking.

Conditions for Safe Storage: Store in a cool, dry and well-ventilated location. Good housekeeping should be maintained to minimize dust accumulation and generation.

Section 8: Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Control Parameters (Particles not otherwise classified)

US ACGIH (TWA): 3 mg/m3 Respirable Dust 10 mg/m3 Total Dust

Eye Protection: Use vented goggles or safety glasses in excessively dusty conditions.

US OSHA PEL (TWA): 5 mg/m3 Respirable Dust 15 mg/m3 Total Dust

Skin Protection: Not required under normal conditions. Use gloves and protective clothing if excessively dusty, or if skin is damaged.

Engineering Controls: Use local exhaust ventilation to keep airborne levels below exposure limits.

Respiratory Protection: None required where adequate ventilation is provided. If airborne concentrations are high, use a NIOSH/MSHA approved respirator that has been selected by a technically qualified person for the specific work conditions.

Section 9: Physical and Chemical Properties

Appearance: White granular solid **Explosive Limits:** Not applicable

Odor: No odor

Vapor Pressure: Not applicable Odor Threshold: Not applicable Vapor Density: Not applicable pH Value: 1% Solution = 8.0-8.5

Bulk Density: 60 lbs/ft3

Melting Point: Decomposes above 500C without melting

Specific Gravity: (H2O=1 @ 4°C): 2.16

Boiling Point: Not applicable



Solubility In Water: 8.8% at 20°C **Flash Point:** Not applicable

Partition coefficient: Not applicable (inorganic substance)

Evaporation Rate: Not applicable

Auto-ignition temperature: Not applicable

Flammability: Not applicable (can be used to put out fires)

Decomposition temperature: >50oC **Molecular Weight:** 84.01 g/cc **Viscosity:** Not applicable

Boiling Point: Decomposes on heating

Section 10: Stability and Reactivity

Reactivity Hazardous reactions will not occur under normal circumstances.

Chemical stability Stable in dry air, in moist air forms sodium carbonate, which is an irritant.

Possibility of hazardous reactions Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

Conditions to avoid Exposure to moisture or moist air. Temperatures above 150°F (65°C)

Incompatible materials Acids. Aluminum (tarnishes).

Hazardous decomposition products When heated to decomposition, sodium bicarbonate produces carbon dioxide

Section 11: Toxicological Information

Eyes: Mid (rabbit) 100 mg/30 sec

Skin: Mid (human) 30 mg/3 days-intermittent

Ingestion

Oral LD60 (rat) 4220 mg/kg Oral LD60 (mouse) 3360 mg/kg

Oral LDL5 (man) 20 mg/kg/ 5 days intermittent

Oral LDL5 (infant) 1260 mg/kg

Symptoms after Inhalation: Prolonged inhalation of dust may cause respiratory irritation. **Symptoms after Skin Contact:** Large amounts of dust may cause mechanical irritation. **Symptoms after Eye Contact:** Contact may cause irritation due to mechanical abrasion.

Symptoms after Ingestion: Large doses may produce symptomatic alkalosis and expansion in extracellular fluid

volume with edema.

Chronic Symptoms: None expected under normal conditions of use

Skin Corrosion/Irritation: Not classified
Serious Eye Damage/Irritation: Not classified
Respiratory or skin sensitization: Not classified

Germ cell mutagenicity: Not classified

Teratogenicity: Not classified **Carcinogenicity:** Not classified

Specific Target Organ Toxicity: Not classified

Reproductive Toxicity: Not classified



Aspiration Hazard: Not classified

Carcinogenicity: Sodium Bicarbonate is not listed as a carcinogen by the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA), the State of California, the National Toxicology Program, or the International Agency for Research on Cancer. See Regulatory Information Section for additional information.

Section 12: Ecological Information

Toxicity:

LC 50 Fish 1 7100 mg/l (Bluegill)

LC 50 Fish 1: 8250-9000 mg/l (Exposure time 96h)

EC 50 Daphnia 1: 4100 mg/l

EC 50 Daphnia 1: 2350 mg/l (Exposure time 48h)

LC 50 Fish 2: 7700 mg/l (Rainbow trout)

Persistence and Degradability: Not established

Mobility in Soil Not available

Bio-accumulative Potential: Not established

Other Adverse Effects: No other adverse effects are identified

Section 13: Disposal Conditions

Disposal Guidance: If permitted by local and state regulations, place in a hazardous or industrial waste landfill. Tonnage quantities are not, however, recommended for the landfill, and if possible, should be re-used for an appropriate application. Small quantities may be flushed to sewers if permitted by NPDES or POTW permit. Refer to federal, state, provincial and local regulations for applicable site-specific requirements. Keep out of drinking water sources. See Regulatory Information for more details.

Section 14: Transport Information

U.S. Department of Transportation (DOT) Identification Number

Sodium Bicarbonate is not a DOT Hazardous Material.

International Transportation

Sodium Bicarbonate has no U.N. number, and is not regulated under international rail, highway, water, or air transport regulations.

Transportation of Dangerous Goods (TDG)

Not Regulated.

Section 15: Regulatory Information

TSCA Number: 144-55-8

California Proposition 65: Not listed. **TSCA Number**: Not listed under any section.



SARA III: Section 302-No; 311-No; 312-No; 313-No **CERCLA (Superfund):** Not listed under any section.

Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System (WHMIS): Not a controlled product

Clean Water Act (CWA): Not listed.

EU Classification: Not a dangerous substance **Safe Drinking Water Act (SWDA):** Not listed.

OSHA: Treat as particulates not otherwise regulated.

International Agency for Research on Cancer: Not listed.

ACGIH: Treat as particulates not otherwise regulated.

Federal Drug Agency (FDA):

Sodium bicarbonate is permitted for the following uses: Antibiotic manufacturing; cake, pancake and readymixes; catalyst manufacture; chemical; dentifrices; explosives; fire extinguishers; food colors; food conditioner; papermaking; pharmaceuticals; photography; self-rising flour; starches; sugar refining; textiles.

NTP Annual Report on Carcinogens:

OSHA Carcinogen: Not listed.

CONEG Model Legislation: Not listed.

International Listings

- AICS (Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances.
- Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List).
- IECSC (Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China).
- EEC inventory EINECS (European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances)
- Japanese ENCS (Existing & New chemical Substances) inventory
- Korean ECL (Existing Chemicals List)
- NZIoC (New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals)
- PICCS (Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances)
- United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

Section 16: Other Information

The information in this publication is believed to be accurate and is given in good faith, but no representation of warranty as to its completeness or accuracy is made. Suggestions for uses or applications are only opinions. Users are responsible for determining the suitability of these products for their own particular purpose. No representing of warranty, expressed or implied, is made with respect to information or products including, without limitation, warranties or merchantability, fitness for a particular purpose, non-fringement of any third party patent or other intellectual property rights including, without limit, copyright, trademark and design.